

TABLE FIVE.—PHILIPPINE NAVAL COASTAL FRONTIER

Unit—Type (1)	Sub- Group (2)	From (3)	Mat- Type (4)	Notes (5)
NAVAL LOCAL DEFENSE FORCE—SIX- FIFTH NAVAL DISTRICT Such suitable vessels as are locally available and additional vessels and aircraft as assigned by Commander in Chief, U. S. ASIATIC FLEET. Chief Ashore As indicated in XVI ND Plan O-2, RAIN- BOW No. 2. Marine Corps Fleet Outfits as assigned in Marine Corps Plan C-1, RAINBOW No. 2.				

[11]

CHAPTER IX. NAVAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICE

2-991. The Sections and Tables prescribing the composition of forces of the Naval Transportation Service will be issued as a change to this plan.

EXHIBIT NO. 130

Confidential

PARAPHRASE OF CODE RADIOGRAM RECEIVED AT THE WAR DEPARTMENT AT 22:55,
OCTOBER 27, 1941

MANILA, October 27, 1941.

British sources report 2 Japanese aircraft carriers, one of which is the *Kage*, operating in Mandated islands. Following planes reported there:

Wotje—8 flying boats
 Jaluit—8 flying boats, 12 fighters
 Truk—6 fighters, 6 heavy bombers
 Saipan—8 fighters, 6 heavy bombers
 Palau—8 flying boats

General southward movement of Japanese shipping in Western Pacific reported by British.

BRINK
 IB #2 10/28/41.

Distribution:

Mr. Lauchlin Currie
 Assistant Secretary of War
 Assistant Secretary of War for Air
 Chief of the Army Air Forces
 Chief of the Air Corps
 Assistant Chief of Staff, WPD
 G. H. Q.
 State Department.
 Director of Naval Intelligence
 Situation Section
 Far Eastern Section

Department of State. Received Nov. 29, 1941. Division of Communications and Records.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Paraphrase

NOVEMBER 21, 1941.

The following was received from the Naval Observer at Wellington November 19, 1941:

"Source New Zealand Naval Intelligence: On November 16 and 17 planes, apparently Japanese, were sighted over Gilberts. One day twin engined mono-plane next flying boat, course generally north and south with speed 125. Indi-

cates daily patrol from Jaluit over Gilberts to area south near shipping routes. Several unknown ships reported last 10 days near Gilbert and Ellice Jap liners reported carrying troops or laborers to Mandates, Truk and Saigon each recently reinforced by ½ squadron fighters and ½ squadron bombers."

Department of State. Received Nov. 30, 1941. Division of Communications and Records.

Strictly confidential

Paraphrase

NOVEMBER 24, 1941.

The following was received from the Naval Attache Singapore November 23 1941:

"DEPENDABLE REPORTS HERE OF RECONNAISSANCE FLIGHTS OVER GILBERT ISLANDS ON NOVEMBER 15 BY MONOPLANE WITH TAPERED WINGS, SINGLE TAILFIN, TWIN ENGINES. NEXT DAY REPEATED BY MONOPLANE FLYING BOAT SILVER COLOR NUMBER OF ENGINES UNOBSERVED."

CC: Mr. Hamilton

Mr. Hornbeck.

Telegram received

GRAY

HRL

From: Tokyo

Dated: November 29, 1941

Rec'd 3:11 p. m.

SECRETARY OF STATE,

Washington.

1868, November 29, 6 p. m.

The Embassy has received Foreign Office note no. 129 American 1 dated November 27 which is translated as follows.

"EXCELLENCY: I have the honor to state that according to a report from the Japanese Naval authorities, an American airplane flew over Garanbi on the southernmost tip of Taiwan Island at 12:30 p. m. November 20, 1941 and after circling at an altitude of 2,000 meters flew away southward at 12:45 p. m. the same day.

"It is believed that the Japanese Government cannot overlook such a violation of Japanese territory by an airplane and it is therefore requested that the matter be brought to the attention of the United States authorities concerned. Also I particularly bespeak Your Excellency's solicitude particularly the recurrence of such incidents at this time when the international situation is tense and the untoward events to which they might give rise are unpredictable. I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration. Shigenori Togo, Minister for Foreign Affairs." Sent to the Department only.

GREW.

JRL

Secret

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS,
Washington, December 2, 1941.

The following information has been received from the Commander in Chief Asiatic Fleet.

"At a bearing from Saigon of 070 and a distance of 180 miles three type 1-61 submarines were observed on December 2nd in cruising formation headed south at a speed of 15 knots. Also at Camaranah six planes patrolled overhead while 21 transports anchored.

"In Lat. 13-10N. Long 110-00 at 0230 Greenwich December 2nd a patrol plane observed 9 submarines headed south at a speed of 10 knots, [apparently headed for Camranh Bay.]"

/s/ R. E. SCHUIRMANN.

Strictly confidential

Paraphrase

DECEMBER 4, 1941.

The following message was received from the Governor of Guam November 24, 1941:

"At 1217 local time today unidentified two-engined plane sighted, circling southern end of island. Altitude approximately 15,000 feet. At 1226 local time plane passed out of sight to southwest."

Telegram sent

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

December 6, 1941.

AMEMBASSY

Tokyo (Japan).

Your 1868, November 29, 6 p. m.

The Foreign Office note has been brought to the attention of the appropriate authorities of this Government.

In connection with this question, you may be interested to know that the Navy Department has been informed by the Governor of Guam that about noon on November 24 an unidentified two-motored airplane circled the southern extremity of Guam for about ten minutes flying at an altitude of approximately 15,000 feet.

/s/ HULL
/s/ S W

FE: RLS: NHS FE

EXHIBIT NO. 131

(This exhibit was originally designed to incorporate the prior testimony of Rear Admiral H. H. Kimmel before (1) the Roberts Commission, (2) the Navy Court of Inquiry and (3) the Army Pearl Harbor Board. Inasmuch as the entire transcript of testimony taken incident to each of these proceedings has been set forth as exhibits to the Joint Committee record, the prior testimony of Admiral Kimmel is not being printed at this point pursuant to direction of the Committee. For reference thereto, see Index.)

EXHIBIT NO. 132

REPORT ON CONFERENCE BETWEEN FOREIGN AFFAIRS MINISTER TOGO AND THE AMERICAN AMBASSADOR T: 90 A. M. DEC 8, 1941

1. I stated, "After my conference with you last night I succeeded in obtaining an answer from the Emperor to the personal telegram from President Roosevelt to the Emperor which you presented at that conference. Thus, His Imperial Majesty orders me to convey the following message to President Roosevelt through you:

"We have heretofore commanded the Japanese Government to reply to the query of the President of the United States respecting the assembling of Japanese troops in French Indo China. Further, the withdrawal from French Indo China was one of the matters discussed in the Japanese-American negotiations and we have already had the Japanese Government state its opinion on the matter. Therefore, please consult these statements to understand our position. We believe the President must be fully aware of the fact that the object of our wishes is the establishment of peace in the Pacific and throughout the world, and that, in accordance with our desires, the Japanese Government has up to the present time striven to attain that goal."

The Ambassador listened to the Emperor's note with respectful attention and replied that he would transmit it to the President immediately. He then said that he had been instructed to request an audience of the Emperor to present